SEP 1 8 2006

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended) A method of reducing vulcanized rubber, the vulcanized rubber being present in a reactor, the method comprising the steps of:

purging air to remove oxygen from the reactor;

heating the rubber, wherein the rubber includes synthetic rubber, in the presence of a solvent, wherein the solvent includes water to a temperature below a critical temperature of the solvent;

providing a pressure that is at least equal to a saturated vapour pressure of the solvent at the temperature; and

maintaining the temperature and the pressure for a time sufficient to devulcanize the rubber and produce a reaction product that is primarily a solid phase and includes rubber hydrocarbon.

- 2. (original) The method according to claim 1 wherein the solvent is water.
- 3. (original) The method according to claim 1 wherein the solvent is a mixture of water and an organic solvent and the mixture provides reduction properties similar to that of water.
- 4. (original) The method according to claim 3 wherein the organic solvent includes alcohol.
- 5. (original) The method according to claim 4 wherein the organic solvent is alcohol.
- 6. (original) The method according to claim 2 wherein the temperature is between about 260°C and about 350°C.
- 7. (original) The method according to claim 6 wherein the temperature is between about 290°C and about 320°C.

- (previously presented) The method according to claim 1 wherein the pressure is at least partially provided for by pressurization with an inert gas.
- 9. (original) The method according to claim 1 wherein the rubber is a tire.
- 10. (original) The method according to claim 9 wherein the tire is a whole used tire.
- 11. (original) The method according to claim 9 wherein the tire is shredded to produce pieces of tire.
- 12. (original) The method according to claim 11 wherein the pieces of tire have a particle size between about 0.5 mm and about 5 mm.
- 13. (original) Surface devulcanized rubber produced according to the method of claim 1.
- 14. (original) Completely devulcanized rubber produced according to the method of claim 1.
- 15. (currently amended) A method of reducing a vulcanized tire, the tire being present in a reactor, the method comprising the steps of:

purging air to remove oxygen from the reactor;

heating the tire, wherein the tire includes synthetic rubber, in the presence of a first solvent, wherein the first solvent includes water, to a temperature below a critical temperature of the first solvent;

providing a pressure that is at least equal to a saturated vapour pressure of the solvent at the temperature;

maintaining the temperature and the pressure for a time sufficient to devulcanize the tire and produce a reaction product that is primarily a solid phase and includes rubber hydrocarbon;

washing and drying the solid phase of the reaction product;
dissolving the rubber hydrocarbon in a second solvent, the second solvent
being appropriate for the dissolution of rubber hydrocarbon therein;

separating the carbon black from the reaction product; and separating the second solvent from the rubber hydrocarbon.

- 16. (original) Rubber hydrocarbon produced according to the method of claim 15.
- 17. (original) Rubber hydrocarbon that has been devulcanized and at least partially depolymerized according to the method of claim 16, wherein a molecular weight of the rubber hydrocarbon is larger than a molecular weight of oil.
- 18. (original) Rubber hydrocarbon produced by the process of claim 15 wherein the rubber hydrocarbon is in a mixture that includes carbon black.
- 19. (original) Rubber hydrocarbon produced by the process of claim 15 wherein the rubber hydrocarbon is substantially free of sulphur.
- 20. (original) Carbon black produced by the process of claim 15.
- 21. (original) Carbon black according to claim 20 wherein the carbon black has a surface area of 60 m²/g.
- 22. (original) Carbon black according to claim 20 wherein the carbon black approaches that used to manufacture tires.
- 23. (currently amended) A method of reducing a vulcanized tire, the tire being present in a reactor, the method comprising the steps of:

purging air to remove oxygen from the reactor;

heating the tire, wherein the tire includes synthetic rubber, in the presence of water to a temperature between about 290°C and about 350°C;

providing a pressure that is at least equal to a saturated vapour pressure of water at the temperature; and

maintaining the temperature and the pressure for a time sufficient to devulcanize the tire and produce a reaction product that is primarily a solid phase and includes rubber hydrocarbon.